

# 8-2 Study Guide and Intervention

## Linear Equations in Two Variables

A function can be represented with an equation. An equation such as  $y = 1.50x$  is called a linear equation. A linear equation in two variables is an equation in which the variables appear in separate terms and neither variable contains an exponent other than 1.

**Linear Equations**  $y = x + 1, y = -2x, y = \frac{1}{3}x$

**Nonlinear Equations**  $y = x^2 + 1, y = -2x^3, y = \frac{3}{x}, xy = 4$

Solutions of a linear equation are ordered pairs that make the equation true. One way to find solutions is to make a table.

**Example 1** Complete the table.

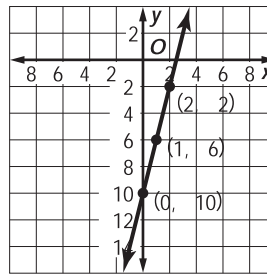
Use the results to write four solutions of  $y = 4x - 10$ . Write the solution as ordered pairs.

x	$y = 4x - 10$	y	(x, y)
-1	$y = 4(-1) - 10$	-14	(-1, -14)
0	$y = 4(0) - 10$	-10	(0, -10)
1	$y = 4(1) - 10$	-6	(1, -6)
2	$y = 4(2) - 10$	-2	(2, -2)

**Example 2**

A linear equation can also be represented by a graph. The coordinates of all points on a line are solutions to the equation. Graph  $y = 4x - 10$  by plotting ordered pairs.

Plot the points found in Example 1. Connect the points using a straight line.



### Exercises

Find four solutions of each equation. Write the solutions as ordered pairs.

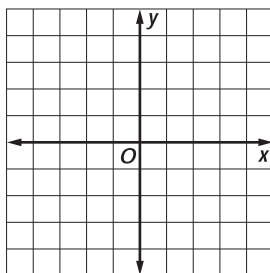
1.  $y = 2x + 4$

2.  $y = -3x - 7$

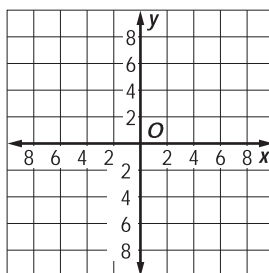
3.  $4x + y = 5$

Graph each equation by plotting ordered pairs.

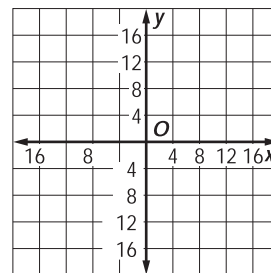
4.  $y = -4x$



5.  $y = x + 6$



6.  $-2x + y = 8$



**8-2**

**Skills Practice**

**Linear Equations in Two Variables**

Find four solutions of each equation. Write the solutions as ordered pairs.

1.  $y = 8x - 4$

2.  $y = -x + 12$

3.  $4x - 4y = 24$

4.  $x - y = -15$

5.  $y = 7x - 6$

6.  $y = -3x + 8$

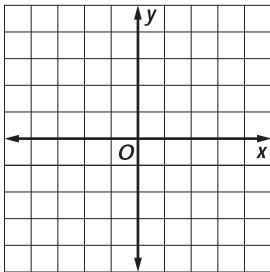
7.  $y = 12$

8.  $4x - 2y = 0$

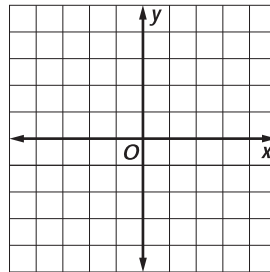
9.  $4x - y = 4$

Graph each equation by plotting ordered pairs.

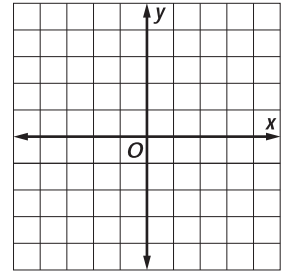
10.  $y = 3x - 2$



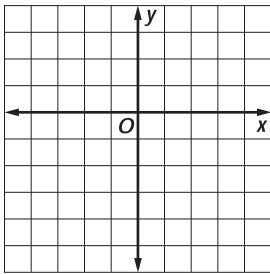
11.  $y = -x + 3$



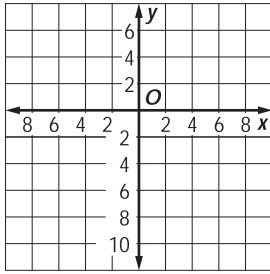
12.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$



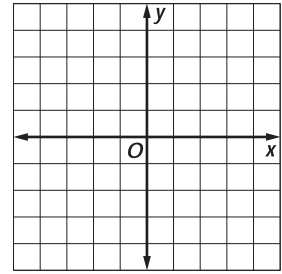
13.  $y = -2x - 5$



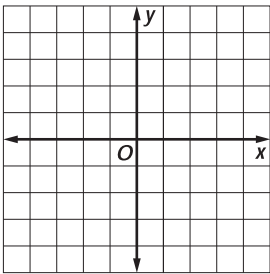
14.  $y = 4x - 8$



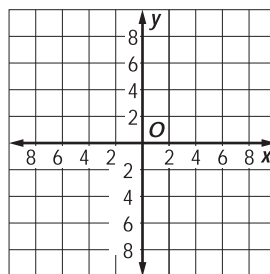
15.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$



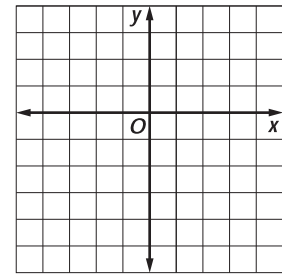
16.  $y = -5x$



17.  $y = -2x + 6$



18.  $y = 5x + 1$



**8-2**

**Practice**

**Linear Equations in Two Variables**

Find four solutions of each equation. Write the solutions as ordered pairs.

1.  $y = x - 5$

2.  $y = -7$

3.  $y = -3x + 1$

4.  $x - y = 6$

5.  $y = 2x + 4$

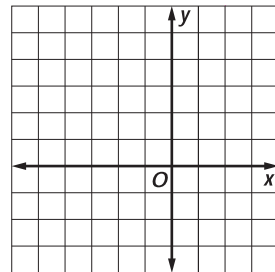
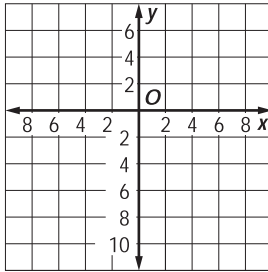
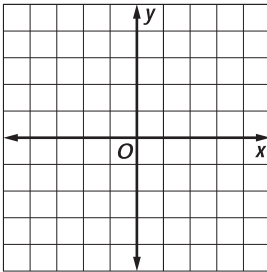
6.  $7x - y = 14$

Graph each equation by plotting ordered pairs.

7.  $y = 2x - 1$

8.  $y = -6x + 2$

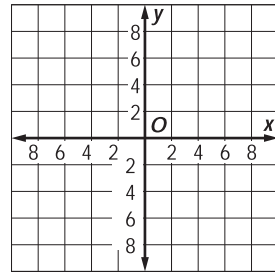
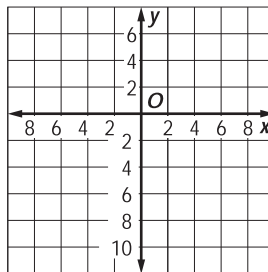
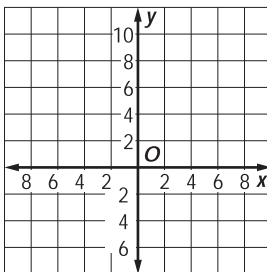
9.  $y = x + 4$



10.  $y = 7$

11.  $y = 3x - 9$

12.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$



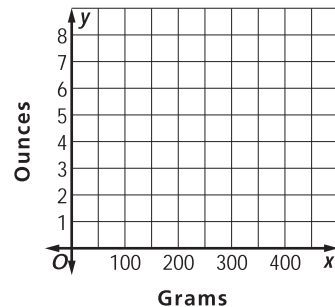
**COOKING** For Exercises 13–15, use the following information.

Kirsten is making gingerbread cookies using her grandmother’s recipe and needs to convert grams to ounces. The equation  $y = 0.04x$  describes the approximate number of ounces  $y$  in  $x$  grams.

13. Find three ordered pairs of values that satisfy this equation.

14. Draw the graph that contains these points.

15. Do negative values of  $x$  make sense in this case? Explain.



# 8-2 Enrichment

## Equations with Two Variables

Complete the table for each equation.

1.  $y = 7 + x$

x	y
-4	
	5
	1

2.  $y = 2x + 4$

x	y
6	
	12
	2

3.  $y = x - 9$

x	y
3	
	-4
	-9

4.  $y = 3x - 2$

x	y
2	
	-5
	7

5.  $y = \frac{x}{4}$

x	y
8	
	4
	-6

6.  $y = -6x + 1$

x	y
1	
	-11
	13

7.  $y = 9 - 2x$

x	y
3	
	7
	1

8.  $y = \frac{x+5}{3}$

x	y
4	
	4
	-1

9.  $y = \frac{x}{2} + 5$

x	y
8	
	8
	10

10.  $y = x^2$

x	y
2	
	1
	16

11.  $y = x^2 - 3$

x	y
3	
	22
	-3

12.  $y = 1 - 2x$

x	y
-1	
	7
	11